
Memory Text: “‘But now, do not therefore be grieved or angry with yourselves because you sold me here; for God sent me before you to preserve life’” (Gen. 45:5, NKJV).

A man had been accused of sexually assaulting a woman. She positively identified him in a police lineup. Though evidence made his guilt questionable, the woman was adamant that “Johnny” was the guilty party.

And so Johnny went to prison, where he rotted for 14 years for a crime that he did not commit. Only when DNA evidence exonerated him did the woman, “Joan,” realize her terrible mistake.

She wanted to meet Johnny after he had been released. What would this man, who had suffered so much, do when he came face-to-face with the woman who had ruined his life for so many years?

She was in a room, waiting for him to come. When he did, and they looked each other in the eyes, Joan burst into tears.

“Johnny just leaned down and took my hands, and he looked at me and said, ‘I forgive you.’ I couldn’t believe it. Here was this man whom I had hated and whom I wanted only to die. And yet, now, here he was, telling me, who had done him so much wrong, that he forgave me? Only then did I begin to understand what grace was really about. And only then did I begin to heal and have true rest.”

This week we will look at forgiveness and what it can do for restless human hearts.

* Study this week’s lesson to prepare for Sabbath, August 14.
Facing the Past

Eventually, things moved in the right direction for Joseph, big time. He not only got out of prison, but he also was made prime minister of Egypt after interpreting Pharaoh’s dreams (Genesis 41). He was married and had two children of his own (Gen. 41:50–52). The storehouses of Egypt were full, and the predicted famine had begun. And then, one day, Joseph’s brothers turned up in Egypt.

Read about the first encounter between Joseph and his brothers since they sold him into slavery in Genesis 42:7–20. Why the elaborate plot? What was Joseph trying to do with this first meeting?

Joseph had the power and could have taken his revenge on his brothers without having to justify himself. But, rather than revenge, Joseph was concerned about the members of his family at home. He was worried about his father. Was he still alive, or had a dysfunctional family become a family without a patriarch? And what about his brother Benjamin? As his father’s delight and joy, Benjamin was now in the same position that Joseph had been. Had the brothers transferred their dangerous jealousy to Benjamin? Joseph was now in a position to look out for these vulnerable people in his family, and he did just that.

Practicing biblical principles in our relationships will not mean that we ever can or should accept abuse. Each one of us is precious in God’s sight. Jesus paid the ultimate price on the cross for each one of us.

Why does Jesus take abuse or neglect of others so personally? Read Matthew 25:41–46.

We have all been bought through Jesus’ blood, and legally we are all His. Anyone who is abusive is attacking Jesus’ property.

Sexual abuse and emotional or physical violence are never to be a part of family dynamics. This is not just private family business to be resolved internally. This will require outside help and intervention. If you or someone in your family is being abused, please get help from a trusted professional.

What are some biblical principles that you need to apply to whatever difficult family relationships you are now experiencing?
Setting the Stage

Joseph had forgiven his brothers. We don’t know exactly when Joseph forgave them, but it was obviously long before they showed up. Joseph probably would never have thrived in Egypt if he had not forgiven because, most likely, the anger and bitterness would have eaten away at his soul and damaged his relations with the Lord.

Several studies of survivors of tragedy inflicted on them by others have highlighted the fact that for victims of the most horrible suffering, forgiveness was a key factor to find healing and to get their lives together again. Without forgiveness, we remain victims. Forgiveness has more to do with ourselves than with the person or persons who have wronged us.

Even though Joseph had forgiven his brothers, he was not willing to let the family relationships pick up where he had left them—that is, at the dry pit at Dothan. He had to see if anything had changed.

What did Joseph overhear? Read Genesis 42:21–24. What did he learn about his brothers?

All communication had been taking place through an interpreter, and so Joseph’s brothers were unaware that he could understand them. Joseph heard his brothers’ confession. The brothers had thought that by getting rid of Joseph, they would be free from his reporting to their father. They thought that they would not have to put up with his dreams or watch him revel in the role of being their father’s favorite. But instead of finding rest, they had been plagued by a guilty conscience all those years. Their deed had led to restlessness and a paralyzing fear of God’s retribution. Joseph actually felt sorry for their suffering. He wept for them.

Joseph knew that the famine would still last several more years, and so he insisted that they bring Benjamin back with them the next time they came to buy grain (Gen. 42:20). He also kept Simeon hostage (Gen. 42:24).

After seeing that Benjamin was still alive, he organized a feast in which he obviously showed favoritism to Benjamin (Gen. 43:34) to see if the old patterns of jealousy were still there. The brothers didn’t show any signs of being jealous, but Joseph knew how cunning they could be. After all, they did deceive a whole town (Gen. 34:13), and he surely figured that they must have lied to their own father about his fate (Gen. 37:31–34). So, he devised one more major test. (See Genesis 44.)

Read Genesis 45:1–15. What does this tell us about how Joseph felt about his brothers and the forgiveness he had given them? What lessons should we take away from this story for ourselves?
Forgive and Forget?

Forgiveness has been defined as the willingness to abandon one’s right to resentment, condemnation, and revenge toward an offender or group who acts unjustly. Dr. Marilyn Armour, a family therapist who worked with Holocaust survivors in order to find out what these survivors had done to make sense of what had happened to them, writes: “The whole idea of forgiveness is an intentional act by the victim. It’s not something that just happens.”

Forgiveness doesn’t mean that there will be no consequences. Forgiveness doesn’t mean letting an abuser continue abusive patterns. Forgiveness means, instead, that we turn our resentment and our desire for revenge over to God. If not, the anger, the bitterness, the resentment, and the hatred will make whatever that person or persons did to us even worse.

What does forgiving others do for us? Consider Matthew 18:21–35.

No question, one of the keys in learning to forgive is to understand what we have been forgiven in Christ. We have all sinned, not just against other people but against God as well.

Every sin is, indeed, a sin against our Lord and Maker; and yet, in Jesus, we can claim total forgiveness for all those sins, not because we deserve it—we don’t—but only because of God’s grace toward us. Once we can grasp that sacred truth, once we can make this forgiveness our own, once we can experience for ourselves the reality of God’s forgiveness, we can begin to let go and forgive others. We forgive not because others deserve it but because it’s what we have received from God and what we need ourselves. And besides, how often do we deserve forgiveness as well?

As we saw, too, Joseph offered a second chance for the family relations. No grudges here; no falling back to things that happened in the past.

It is almost impossible to begin again in a family when we have each become experts at learning how best to hurt each other. But that’s not how Joseph reacts. It seems that he wants to put the past behind them and to move ahead with love and acceptance. Had Joseph had a different attitude, this story would have had a different ending, one not so happy.

“‘Blessed are those whose lawless deeds are forgiven, and whose sins are covered; blessed is the man to whom the Lord shall not impute sin’” (Rom. 4:7, 8, NKJV). What is Paul telling us about what we have been given in Jesus and how this wonderful promise should impact how we relate to those who have hurt us?
Making It Practical

In order to forgive, I must admit that I have been hurt. This can be hard to do, as we are sometimes more inclined to try to bury our feelings rather than work through them. Acknowledging un-Christian feelings of resentment and even anger before God is fine. We see this often expressed in the Psalms. I can feel free to tell God that I didn’t like what happened or how I was treated and that it makes me sad or angry or both.

In Joseph’s story, we see him crying as he sees his brothers again and relives some of the feelings of his past.

**What** does Jesus’ declaration on the cross tell us about the timing of forgiveness? Read Luke 23:34.

Jesus didn’t wait for us to ask for forgiveness first. We do not have to wait for our offender to ask for forgiveness. We can forgive others without having them accept our forgiveness.

**What** do Luke 6:28 and Matthew 5:44 teach about how we relate to those who hurt us?

Forgiveness, like love, begins with a choice rather than a feeling. We can make the choice to forgive, even if our emotions may not agree with this decision. God knows that in our own strength this choice is impossible, but “with God all things are possible” (Mark 10:27). This is why we are told to pray for those who have hurt us. In some cases, this person may already have died, but we can still pray for the ability to forgive him or her.

No question, forgiveness isn’t always easy. The pain and the damage done to us can be devastating, leaving us hurt, crippled, and broken. Healing will come, if we allow it, but holding on to bitterness and anger and resentment will make healing much harder, if possible at all.

The Cross is the best example of what it cost God Himself to forgive us. If the Lord can go through that for us, even though He knew that so many would, nevertheless, reject Him, then we certainly can learn to forgive as well.

**Whom do you need to forgive—if not for that person’s sake, then for your own?**
Finding Rest After Forgiveness

Joseph’s family finally arrived in Egypt. There were no more dark secrets in the family. His brothers must have admitted to having sold Joseph when they explained to their father that the son he thought had been killed was now prime minister of Egypt.

While it may not always be possible or wise to restore relationships, this does not mean that we cannot forgive. We may not be able to hug and weep with our offender, but we may want to voice our forgiveness either vocally or through a letter. And then it is time to let go of pain to the utmost degree we can. Perhaps some pain will always remain, but at least we can be on the path to healing.

Read Genesis 50:15–21. What are Joseph’s brothers worried about, and why would they be worried about it? What does this fear say about them?

Joe 3ph’s brothers had been living in Egypt for 17 years (Gen. 47:28), and yet, when Jacob died, they were afraid that Joseph would take his revenge. They realized again how much they had hurt Joseph. Joseph reassured them of his forgiveness again, now after their father’s death. This refresher was probably good for Joseph, as well as his brothers.

If the wound is deep, we will probably have to forgive many times. When memories of the wrong come to mind, we will need to go to God immediately in prayer and make the choice to forgive again.

Read Genesis 50:20. How does this verse help explain, at least partially, Joseph’s willingness to forgive his brothers’ sin against him?

Joseph firmly believed that his life was part of God’s big plan to help save the then-known world from famine—and then to help his family fulfill God’s promise to become a great nation. Knowing that God had overruled the evil plans of his brothers to bring about good helped Joseph to forgive.

Joseph’s story had a happy ending. How do we respond when the ending to a story isn’t so happy? Or could one argue (long term, that is) that with the end of sin and the end of the great controversy, when all issues are solved—it will be a happy ending? How might this hope help us deal with less-than-ideal endings?
Further Thought: “As Joseph was sold to the heathen by his own brothers, so Christ was sold to His bitterest enemies by one of His disciples. Joseph was falsely accused and thrust into prison because of his virtue; so Christ was despised and rejected because His righteous, self-denying life was a rebuke to sin; and though guilty of no wrong, He was condemned upon the testimony of false witnesses. And Joseph’s patience and meekness under injustice and oppression, his ready forgiveness and noble benevolence toward his unnatural brothers, represent the Saviour’s uncomplaining endurance of the malice and abuse of wicked men, and His forgiveness, not only of His murderers, but of all who have come to Him confessing their sins and seeking pardon.”—Ellen G. White, Patriarchs and Prophets, pp. 239, 240.

“Nothing can justify an unforgiving spirit. He who is unmerciful toward others shows that he himself is not a partaker of God’s pardoning grace. In God’s forgiveness the heart of the erring one is drawn close to the great heart of Infinite Love. The tide of divine compassion flows into the sinner’s soul, and from him to the souls of others. The tenderness and mercy that Christ has revealed in His own precious life will be seen in those who become sharers of His grace.”—Ellen G. White, Christ’s Object Lessons, p. 251.

Discussion Questions:

1. Someone once said, “Not forgiving is like drinking poison while hoping that the other person will die.” What does this statement mean?

2. What was the purpose of all the elaborate plans Joseph went through prior to the disclosure of his identity? What did this do for him and for his brothers?

3. Joseph’s steward must have been in on some of the plots regarding Joseph’s brothers (e.g., Gen. 44:1–12). How does the experience of forgiveness affect those who are just observers?

4. “God never leads His children otherwise than they would choose to be led, if they could see the end from the beginning, and discern the glory of the purpose which they are fulfilling as co-workers with Him.”—Ellen G. White, The Desire of Ages, pp. 224, 225. Think of your own life as you contemplate this statement. How could understanding this help us work through many of the trials and struggles that we face?
“Prepare to Meet Thy God”

By Jessica Cebuhar Atwell

My six-year-old son, Asher, approached me at home in Bangkok, Thailand. “Mom, I want to hand out flyers to people,” he said.

After some questioning, I figured out that he wanted to distribute a small Thai-language tract called “A Love Letter From Jesus.” My heart skipped a joyful beat as I realized that my little boy wanted to share his love for Jesus. But Friday didn’t seem like a good day. The COVID-19 pandemic was keeping people indoors. In addition, I was preparing for the Sabbath.

During my devotions on Sabbath morning, I remembered Asher’s request and felt impressed to take him out with the tracts. But I didn’t.

That afternoon and evening, I watched Sabbath sermons with a friend. One preacher ended his sermon with an appeal from Ellen White: “As a people who believe in Christ’s soon coming, we have a message to bear, ‘Prepare to meet thy God’ (Amos 4:12).” The passage came from Gospel Workers, page 52. That’s exactly what I want to tell Thai people! I thought.

On Sunday morning, I opened the EGW Writings app to read that day’s scheduled devotional message. Guess what I read? A passage that included Amos 4:12: “Prepare to meet thy God.” I was cut to the heart.

At breakfast, Asher gazed at me longingly. I promised that he would hand out flyers no matter what. After he memorized Amos 4:12 in Thai, we left.

My husband, Brian, and I had to make a delivery of fresh bread from a bakery at an urban center of influence that we helped establish after arriving from the U.S. state of Washington in 2014. Usually Asher rides around on his bicycle during deliveries, but he announced that he would be too busy. “I’ll walk and hand all these out,” Asher said, referring to the tracts.

We began the one-mile (1.6-kilometer) walk to the neighbor who had ordered the bread. Asher chased down everyone he saw. “Prepare to meet thy God!” he exclaimed in Thai, extending tracts to passersby. Despite COVID-19 worries, no one could refuse the earnest boy.

He was ecstatic when we returned home two hours later. He had distributed 100 tracts. “I want to do this every day!” he declared, smiling.

God truly wants the great city of Bangkok—and the people of the other big cities of the world—to be ready. “As a people who believe in Christ’s soon coming, we have a message to bear: ‘Prepare to meet thy God.’”

This story illustrates a key component of the Seventh-day Adventist Church’s I Will Go strategic plan: “Increased number of church members participating in both personal and public evangelistic outreach initiatives with a goal of Total Member Involvement.” Learn more about the strategic plan at IWillGo2020.org.
Part I: Overview

In this week’s lesson, we will study the power of forgiveness. The idea of forgiveness raises questions for many people. What is forgiveness? If we forgive someone who has deeply wronged us before he or she repents of the wrong, are we justifying his or her behavior? If we forgive an individual, does that mean that we need to establish or reestablish a close relationship with that person? Does forgiveness always rebuild relationships?

Joseph’s life illustrates the power of forgiveness. Throughout his life he could easily have cherished anger toward his brothers, bitterness toward his slave traders, and resentment toward Potiphar. Yet, there is not even a hint of any of these negative qualities in Joseph’s life. He is a sterling example of the grace of forgiveness.

Throughout this week’s lesson, we will see how forgiveness releases us from the poison of bitterness. Forgiveness changes us. It frees us from the bondage of resentment. Joseph’s heart was filled with forgiveness before his brothers ever asked, because he sensed that God had an overriding purpose for his life. His brothers suffered from the guilt of their actions for years. They were tormented by the memory of that last lingering look on their brother’s face as he was led away into slavery. Just as Joseph needed to forgive, they needed forgiveness. Forgiveness facilitates healing in broken relationships.

Both Jesus and Joseph share some striking similarities. Both were betrayed by those closest to them. Both were unjustly condemned. Both were falsely accused and suffered the consequences. Both forgave and were exalted by God. Hanging on the cross with nails through His hands and feet, and blood flowing freely from each of His limbs, Jesus cried out, “‘Father, forgive them, for they do not know not what they do’” (Luke 23:34, NKJV). We can forgive others because Jesus forgave us, and that’s the theme of this week’s lesson.

Part II: Commentary

Forgiveness is an attitude of grace for those who have wronged us. It does not justify their sinful behavior. It releases them from our condemnation and treats them with kindness despite what they have done to us. Genuine forgiveness does not wait until the person who has wronged you asks you to forgive him or her. Genuine forgiveness chooses to forgive others when
they do not deserve it, because God’s love reaches out to us when we do not deserve it.

When Joseph met his brothers after about twenty years of separation, his attitude toward them was one of forgiveness before they ever asked for it. Jacob had sent them to Egypt because of the severe famine in the land. He had heard that there were food supplies available in Egypt. Because Joseph oversaw the food supplies, they had to report to him to purchase grain. Given that Joseph spoke to them through an interpreter, had significantly aged since they saw him last, and dressed as an Egyptian, they did not recognize him. He immediately recognized them. After testing them with a series of questions about their background and family, he sensed that their sorrow for their past was genuine.

Eventually convinced of their sincerity, Joseph broke down and wept uncontrollably in their presence. Genesis 45:2 declares: “And he wept aloud, and the Egyptians and the house of Pharaoh heard it” (NKJV). His love for them overcame any resentment over what they had done to him decades before. Forgiveness was in his heart all the time, for love forgives. Once Joseph revealed who he was, his brothers were afraid that he might seek revenge now that he was in a position of considerable power. Joseph saw the bigger picture. He understood God’s larger purpose. He responded to their concerns this way: “‘But now, do not therefore be grieved or angry with yourselves because you sold me here; for God sent me before you to preserve life’” (Gen. 45:5, NKJV). The devil had hoped to destroy God’s purpose for Joseph’s life, but God miraculously intervened. Even through the sinful and treacherous actions of Joseph’s brothers, God was able to accomplish His purposes. After Jacob’s death, Joseph again reassured his family that he held no malice against them. “Joseph said to them, ‘Do not be afraid, for am I in the place of God? But as for you, you meant evil against me; but God meant it for good, in order to bring it about as it is this day, to save many people alive’” (Gen. 50:19, 20, NKJV). The amazing thing about God’s grace is that where sin abounds, God’s grace abounds much more. Evil may wound us, but God is the Great Healer. God binds up our wounds, heals our hearts, and restores His image within us. The devil cannot destroy God’s purpose for a life consecrated to Him.

This does not in any way justify abusive behavior. Abusive behavior is awful in the sight of God. You will recall that in Matthew 25:40–45, Jesus talks about the marginalized, the disadvantaged, and the poor. Abuse of any of God’s children is abuse of Christ. Therefore, Jesus said, “‘Inasmuch as you did it to one of the least of these My brethren, you did it to Me’” (Matt. 25:40, NKJV). The inability to forgive those who have wronged us limits God’s ability to heal us. Had Joseph not forgiven his brothers, a spirit of bitterness would have carried over in his relationships with others and kept him from fulfilling God’s purpose for his life. You
will recall the question that Peter asked Jesus: “‘Lord, how often shall my brother sin against me, and I forgive him?’” (Matt. 18:21, NKJV).

One school of rabbinical thought taught that you should have mercy and forgive six times. After the sixth offense, justice was due. Thinking he would please the Master, Peter asked if forgiving someone up to seven times was enough. With a classic answer, Jesus said, “‘I do not say to you, up to seven times, but up to seventy times seven’” (Matt. 18:22, NKJV). Seventy times seven is 490. What Jesus was saying is simply this: I bore long with Israel even in their apostasy and rebellion for 490 years. Peter, My mercy is limitless. My forgiveness is ever present. My love can never be exhausted.

Forgive Because We Are Forgiven

Ephesians 4:32 is the basis of all genuine forgiveness: “And be kind to one another, tenderhearted, forgiving one another, even as God in Christ forgave you” (NKJV). We forgive others because Christ has forgiven us. His forgiveness is the basis of all our forgiveness. Remember His prayer from Golgotha’s hill: “‘Father, forgive them, for they do not know what they do’” (Luke 23:34, NKJV). If Christ could forgive His enemies when they did not deserve it, we can forgive others when they do not deserve it. If He could forgive those who brought Him such pain, by His grace we can forgive those who bring us pain.

Here are three wonderful, real-life stories of forgiveness:

Forgiving Adventist Prodigals

Our first story is about an Adventist family active in the church and well known in the community. Their daughter left home because she thought religion was boring. To fulfill her thirst for pleasure, she partied with her boyfriend, became addicted to tobacco, drank heavily, and spent much of her time in the cities’ nightclubs. Unable to fill the emptiness inside, she finally came to her senses. She called her parents. “Mom and Dad, I want to come home.” She had embarrassed them so much. Could they accept her, forgive her, welcome her back? In the light of the Cross, they welcomed her home. Today she is growing in grace.

He was a pastor’s son but got involved in drugs as a teenager. Eventually he dropped out of school and lived a purposeless life. His parents never stopped praying for him, loving him, forgiving him, and in the light of the Cross, they welcomed him home. Today he is a pastor.

She was a young person that had a moral fall at youth campout weekend. She felt guilty and ashamed. Would she be ostracized or forgiven? The church leadership reached out in loving forgiveness. Forgiveness
very often, but not always, restores relationships. There are times that a relationship is so shattered that although forgiveness is healing for the one who has been hurt, it cannot heal the relationship.

Forgiveness Is Basic in All Human Relationships.

Forgiveness is an attribute of Christ that flows from Calvary and is basic in all our relationships. It is fundamental for positive relationships between husbands and wives, parents and children, church members, and work associates. If you cannot forgive, you will have continual conflict in human relationships because, someday, somebody is going to offend you. If you hold a grudge, if you are resentful, if you harbor bitterness, your relationships will sour. Resentful, unforgiving people spew out their venom to the people around them. Forgiven, forgiving people are a positive influence wherever they go. The atmosphere around them is one of peace, so people feel peaceful in their presence. They have experienced a love beyond measure at the cross, so they can love those around them.

Forgiveness flowed from Calvary’s mountain that Friday that Jesus hung on the cross, dying. There is compassion at the cross. There is grace at Golgotha. At the cross, forgiveness triumphs over fear, love triumphs over hate, reconciliation triumphs over resentment, and grace defeats guilt.

Part III: Life Application

There are two kinds of guilt: moral guilt and psychological guilt. Moral guilt is the guilt we experience because we have sinned against God and hurt others. When we confess our sinfulness to God, we are forgiven. His Word declares, “If we confess our sins, He is faithful and just to forgive us our sins” (1 John 1:9, NKJV). Forgiveness is ours instantly when we confess our sins. Pardon is written after our names in heaven’s eternal record books. Why is it that sometimes we feel guilty after we have confessed our sins? One reason, of course, is that often Satan does not want us to experience the joy of forgiveness.

But there may be another reason. Our moral guilt is gone when we confess our sins, but psychological guilt may remain. The apostle Paul prayed for a conscience “without offense toward God and men” (Acts 24:16, NKJV). When God forgives us and we experience His grace, we long to do everything we can, if possible, to restore broken relationships. Sometimes this means reaching out to those we have hurt and asking for their forgiveness. It may mean a phone call, a letter, or a text message to get the conversation started.

Is there someone you have offended recently? Is there a broken relationship
that needs to be repaired? Is there someone who has hurt you whom you need to forgive? If you have offended or hurt someone, why not ask God to help you know how to repair that relationship? Pray about doing something very specific to restore the relationship. If someone has hurt you deeply, ask God to give you the grace to forgive that person. Whether you need to ask for forgiveness or you need to forgive, you will find God’s grace sufficient for you.

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