The Power of Choice



SABBATH AFTERNOON

Read for This Week's Study: *Gen. 2:16, 17; 3:1–13;* Deut. 30:10-19; Ps. 119:11; Col. 3:2; Heb. 11:8-10.

Memory Text: "But Daniel purposed in his heart that he would not defile himself with the portion of the king's meat, nor with the wine which he drank" (Daniel 1:8).

Tackie and Carol (not their real names) were sisters, separated by two years, who grew up together in a loving home. By the time J she reached adolescence, Jackie was applying herself diligently to her studies. She did well and, after graduating from high school, went to university to study business. Today she has a position with an investment company, is married, and lives in her own home.

Carol chose to party and enjoy herself. She dropped out of high school and began to experiment with tobacco, alcohol, and other drugs. Today she is a single mother, living on government assistance, in rehabilitation for her drug dependency, and remains slightly jealous though grudgingly proud—of her sister's success.

Both girls had the same opportunities, chances, and set of choices. Each is living with the consequences of those choices.

Choices—we all have them, we all have to make them, and we all have to live with the consequences of the ones we make.

What will those choices be, and how can we know how to make the right ones? We will look at the power of choice.

To view and/or download a Hope Channel program on this week's lesson, visit www.lifesbeat.org.

^{*}Study this week's lesson to prepare for Sabbath, April 10.

The Reality of Freedom

We often hear people talk about *freedom*. Political movements usually, in one way or another, make great proclamations about *freedom*. One state in the United States boasts the motto "Live free or die."

Freedom is, in fact, a very complicated subject. The word means different things to different people in different contexts. It's not always easy to pin down exactly what people mean when they talk about "freedom."

One thing, though, is certain: when God created humans, He made them moral beings, and in order for humans to be truly moral, they had to have moral freedom. In other words, they had to have the capacity to choose wrongly, if they wanted to. If not—if they didn't have that option—they really couldn't be free.

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and I	Genesis 3:1–6, we see the moral freedom given to both Ada Eve. Why would God have warned them against eating of the tr ss they had been given the power of choice? Hence, we see perfective.
found	gs in a perfect environment allowed moral freedom. At the ve dation of human existence, the reality of our freedom has be e readily apparent.

of choices we make?

Human moral freedom must be something very important in the eyes of God. After all, look at what our abuse of that freedom cost Him. So sacred, so fundamental, is this gift that, rather than deny it to us, God would go to the cross instead of leaving us to our demise because of how we misused this gift.

What basic mistake did both Adam and Eve make? How can we, with the knowledge of their mistakes, avoid doing similar things in our own context? In what ways do we face similar temptations?

The Lesson in Brief

► **Key Text:** Deuteronomy 30:19, 20

▶The Student Will:

Know: Recognize the great lengths God went to in order to guarantee our right to free choice.

Feel: Cherish the high value God has placed on every person's freedom of will.

Do: Resolve to choose consciously life with Christ each day.

Learning Outline:

I. Know: Models of Choice-Making

A Eve, Adam, Abraham, and Daniel are a few of the many models of both good and bad choices presented in the Bible for our edification. What principles of cause and effect, forgiveness and God's power of restoration, do these models bring to mind?

• How is Jesus' sacrifice the most potent example of the power of choice?

II. Feel: The High Value and Cost of Free Will

As we ponder the violent results of sin and the astounding dimensions of selfless love displayed at the cross, what emotions are aroused in our hearts toward God?

• How does our response to the Cross translate into respect and care for others?

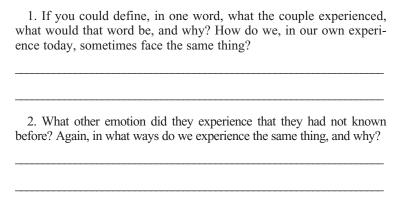
III. Do: Choosing Life

• To choose life is to choose to acknowledge the supremacy of God's will and to obey Him with the whole heart and soul. How do we choose life in our everyday decisions regarding our lifestyles, our families, our careers, and our devotional lives?

▶ **Summary:** The high value God has placed on our freedom of choice and our free will is illustrated in Christ's provisions for our rescue after the Fall. Our appreciation of God's love, revealed in Christ's sacrifice, is acknowledged when we choose Him as our Savior.

The Consequences: Guilt and Fear

Read Genesis 3:7–13 and answer the following questions:



When the Watergate scandal in the United States was exposed by the press in the early 1970s, it was revealed that much of the White House activity focused on cover-up operations. When President Richard Nixon finally resigned, it was not because he either had authorized the break-in to the Democratic Party's premises or had a part in planning the break-in; instead, he was guilty of trying to cover up what others had done.

In a sense, what we see in these verses is Adam and Eve attempting a cover-up job, trying to hide from God what they had done or at least trying to shift the blame from themselves.

Of course, most folk who know the Lord know that it's impossible to hide anything from Him. When the hairs of our heads are numbered (Matt. 10:30), we can't fool Him about our actions. But we can fool ourselves, can't we? How easily we find ways to try to shift the blame on others. If only my boss hadn't done this, then I wouldn't have done that. If only my spouse hadn't done this, then I wouldn't have done that. If only God had taken away the temptation when I prayed, then I wouldn't have fallen. If only this, if only that...

Sure, we sometimes face powerful temptations, temptations that pull at the very fabric of our being. The situation is worse, too, because we already come with corrupted and fallen natures, which makes it that much easier for us to succumb when tempted and tried. As bad as sin is, as bad as the consequences often are, we make it worse when we refuse to accept responsibility. After all, how can we overcome sin if, in our own minds, we don't blame ourselves for it?

How open are you to accepting responsibility for your wrong choices? Or do you always find ways to blame others for them? If so, when are you going to stop?

Learning Cycle

► STEP 1—Motivate

Key Concept for Spiritual Growth: The choices we make have eternal consequences.

Just for Teachers: Have a volunteer read the meditation below on freedom of choice before doing the opening activity as a class.

Freedom of choice is not automatic. True freedom may be considered unusual. Sin produces fear and breeds insecurity. In attempting to resolve our insecurities, we attempt to control our environment, including other people. The result? Billions of people limit others' choices so that they themselves can feel secure. Parents seek to control adult children, nations want to control neighbors, husbands and wives try to control each other. Even church members wrestle to control churches! Humans are enslaved by sin. We are not born free. We have tendencies toward evil that cannot be overcome by inherent human power. We need a Rescuer. God offers the only true freedom. He alone calms fear, destroys insecurity, and gives victory in the battle with self.

Opening Activity: What choices do you make in answer to the following questions: (1) Paper or plastic? (Or, for the progressive-minded consumer, recyclable shopping bag or eco-friendly basket?) (2) Candidate A or B? Invite members to list, in answer to these questions, their recent choices at the grocery store or marketplace or at the voting polls at their most recent election. Rank their choices in order of importance.

Discuss: Which choices are trivial? Which bear eternal consequences? Which ones were dictated by circumstances? Which were the hardest to make? The easiest? Why?

► STEP 2—Explore

Just for Teachers: The lesson is twofold. (1) How is freedom secured? (2) How is freedom used? Emphasize that the choices we make have a tremendous impact on our spiritual, emotional, and physical wellbeing.

Bible Commentary

I. The Reality of Freedom (Review Genesis 2:16, 17; 3:14–19 with the class.)

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Choices: Good and Bad

However much human nature changed after the fall of Adam and Eve, as humans we still have the power of choice. We still have free will. What we do with that free will is, really, entirely up to us. We can surrender to God and obey Him, or we can choose to go our own sinful way.

Read Hebrews 11:8–10. What does this tell us about Abraham and his choices? What can we learn from those choices?

What were, however, some of the wrong choices that Abraham made? What were the consequences of those choices? See Genesis 16, 21:9-14.

"Polygamy had become so widespread that it had ceased to be regarded as a sin, but it was no less a violation of the law of God, and was fatal to the sacredness and peace of the family relation. Abraham's marriage with Hagar resulted in evil, not only to his own household, but to future generations."—Ellen G. White, *Patriarchs and Prophets*, p. 145.

Read Daniel 1:8–16. The words "Daniel purposed in his heart" indicate that Daniel's choice was both conscious and firm. The consequences of this deliberate and reasoned decision influenced the whole life of Daniel and occasioned his special blessing and attention by the Lord. Daniel reaffirmed his commitment to the Lord daily in his seasons of prayer and devotion.

It is one thing to say that we should make right choices; it is another to have the conviction of heart to do it. What are ways that we can program our minds so that we are more likely to make the right choices? Ps. 119:11, Phil. 4:8, Col. 3:2.

In the end, we are free to choose for the Lord or free to choose against Him. There is no middle ground. We are on one side or the other. This doesn't mean that we don't make mistakes or fall (look at Abraham, for instance); it means, instead, that we must "purpose in our hearts" to seek to do God's will, whatever the cost. We must "purpose in our hearts" to choose what is right, and what is right is what God commands us to do. What is important, one thing that we should never forget, is that if we fall, if we make the wrong choices, God does not cast us off. The danger, instead, is that we can feel so guilty, we can feel so bad, that we are in danger of giving up. In such cases, our only hope is to cast ourselves at the foot of the cross and claim the forgiveness offered in Jesus.

Learning Cycle CONTINUED

In God's perfect world there was freedom. This gift did not mean that Adam and Eve could do just anything. God warned them of their danger. When they trusted Satan more than God, they suffered the consequences. Sadly, when the devil collects payment for sin, he bills more than the sinner. He bills family, friends, and community. When, in 2008, New York's governor was linked to a call girl, his wife, parents, children, government, and political party suffered. The consequences of Adam and Eve's sin reach even further, imperiling an entire planet. After the couple surrendered earth to Satan, their children were no longer free.

During the Falkland Islands War, the British stated two issues: liberty and sovereignty. As Argentina had invaded the Falklands, residents were no longer free to choose their government. As the British saw it, the first task was to liberate the islanders so *they* could decide the second issue—how they would be ruled. This parallels our human dilemma. When Adam sinned, we became captives of a hostile ruler. God liberated us and restored choice through His Son's death. Now we are free to settle the second question—sovereignty. Whom will we serve?

Consider This: Considering the expense and British lives lost, would it not have been odd had the islanders chosen Argentina? Why, then, do people spurn the privilege of serving God, choosing instead our planet's invader? In choices big and small, whom are we choosing?

II. Choice and the Next Generation (Review Deuteronomy 30:9–19 with the class.)

Pain and suffering carry from one generation to the next. Some misunder-stand these verses to teach that God is so vengeful that He punishes later generations for the sins of the earlier one. But Ezekiel 18 and other passages clearly teach *individual* accountability and retribution. Our sins, however, have ongoing consequences. Our sins influence children and grandchildren to make bad choices. While the process by which our choices affect the genetic heritage that we pass on to future generations is not understood completely, common sense and observation tell us that our decisions definitely make an impact. While we might leave a positive legacy, through poor choices we may leave a negative one that is difficult to overcome—physically, emotionally, genetically, or spiritually.

Consider This: What legacy are you leaving? How will the choices

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Choice and the Next Generation

important, how do you understand the idea that thei will impact the lives of their seed, their children? What					
mean? How can our choices impact our children?					

Read Deuteronomy 30:10–19. What is the essence of the Lord's words to His people? What points jump out at you? More

The consequences of life choices affect not just ourselves but often our children, as well. Our influence is so much greater than we imagine, especially on our children.

One example is that of drinking alcohol. A whole lot of hoopla has been made of the supposed benefit of one glass of alcohol per day. This promotion, empowered by liquor industry lucre, has fooled many. Few people, though, are aware that these studies are seriously flawed and when corrections for these flaws have been applied, it is found that these touted benefits are nonexistent.

Alcohol remains what it always has been, one of the great scourges of humanity; and with all the warnings we have been given about it, how foolish to let our guard down now.

It is known that about 7 percent of persons who take a first drink will become alcoholic or problem drinkers. The choice to introduce alcohol into our homes, even just a little here and there, may or may not have repercussions on us individually. We may not be damaged greatly by it. But what of our children? What about the example you leave? If you drink, it's much more likely your children will, as well. Is it worth choosing something that may steal the life of your child? Studies clearly have shown that children raised in homes where alcohol is present are much more at risk of alcohol problems than are children raised in homes where alcohol is not consumed. That simple fact alone should make us even more cautious about the examples we set.

Read again Deuteronomy 30:10–19. Your choices impact not just yourself but your children too. And if you don't have children, why risk making a choice that, in the end, presents so many hazards? God gave us these health principles for our good. Do we have the faith to trust Him at His word?

Who has not seen examples of the devastation brought by alcohol use? Why be foolish and risk that for yourself or, even worse, why do something that influences others in the wrong direction?

Learning Cycle CONTINUED

that you make today affect your children and their children? How can you overcome a negative legacy that you inherited? Are you locked into a pattern of behavior because of the decisions your parents and grandparents made, or does God provide a way to escape your genetic makeup? Knowing that Satan can use inherited evil tendencies to his advantage, how can a positive legacy give our offspring a spiritual advantage against Satan?

► STEP 3—Apply

Just for Teachers: Choice is a purchased right, not an inherent one. Thus, we speak of freed will rather than free will. Christ's death freed us from Satan's grasp, so now we are free to choose. His sacrifice shouts volumes about how much God values freedom, because He would not have died for something unimportant. Read the following dialogue, entitled "The Puppet and the Wind." How can we apply this metaphor to our lives?

WIND. Wake up, puppet head. You look like a pile of rags.

Puppet. I *am* a pile of rags, and I can't get up. The only way I can stand up is if someone wears me on his or her hand. Otherwise I'm just what you see right now—a flop.

WIND, So?

Puppet. Well, I really don't want that grubby brat's hand to wear me again. I feel violated. He's always dirty and germy—never washes his hands. I'm already so filthy inside that I can't stand it.

WIND. Can't stand up either?

Pupper. It's horrible, and you don't have to rub it in. No, I can't stand it, and I can't stand. The only way I ever get up is when he's in control. Some choice: Whenever I get up and get noticed, it means he's in charge of my every move. It's nice hearing kids laugh, but deep inside I know I'm just getting dirty. Otherwise I live like this, a total flop.

WIND. You don't have to.

PUPPET. Oh, I used to think so. I used to think there was a way out. I saw another puppet, and he was free as a bird. He didn't need the help of a hand to stand up, and he moved through the air with the greatest of ease. He looked so happy and free.

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Choice and Chance

"And of Zion it will be said, 'This one and that one were born in her; and the Most High Himself shall establish her.' The Lord will record, when He registers the peoples: 'This one was born there.' **Selah"** (Ps. 87:5, 6, NKJV).

Though all have the power of choice, not all have an equal array of opportunities. Some choices limit future possibilities and opportunities. Some individuals suffer disadvantages without the choice being theirs. Consider the disadvantages that cloud the lives of some: children born into homes where drugs are used, where domestic violence prevails, where poverty is extreme. Consider the ravages of violent corruption and desperation. We all, to one degree or another, have been placed in situations that are not of our own choosing.

Read Psalm 87:5, 6. What is the message there for all of us regarding some of the circumstances that are not of our own choosing? How, too, should these verses help us better understand the meaning of Matthew 7:1, 2?

God knows our circumstances; God knows that many of us have been brought into horrible situations not of our own doing. God alone fully knows the background of us all.

Who hasn't, at times, met people struggling with some terrible issues, issues brought about by choices that others made: a choice of a parent to abandon the family; a choice of a spouse to commit adultery; a choice of a friend to betray someone who had trusted him or her? The variables are as endless as they are scary.

Yet, the good news in all this is that we can make one choice that is the most important of all. We can choose to follow Jesus. As we choose Jesus as our personal Savior, as we repent from our sinful ways, and as we are baptized, we receive the gift of the Holy Spirit. Through this gift, God now enters and influences our hearts and minds to direct our actions and to lead us to bear fruit. We become branches of the True Vine.

According to Galatians 5:22, 23, the fruit of the Spirit does not come individually but as a cluster. It is the result of the Spirit taking control of our will, at least to the degree that we choose to let Him. In other words, through the power of God working in our lives, we can—by our choices—allow the Lord to negate some of the negative things brought upon us by choices we ourselves never made.

What are some of the things you have struggled with that are the result of choices that others, not you, have made? What better choices can you yourself make that could help in the healing process?

Learning Cycle CONTINUED

WIND. And?

Pupper. It was all an illusion. When I got closer I could see it. There was no grubby hand helping him stand, but he was all tied up. There were strings attached everywhere—mouth, hands, feet. I had such high hopes. I just crumbled back to the ground—shattered. There was no freedom after all.

WIND. But there is!

Pupper. Lies!

WIND. No, I mean it. My family business is setting puppets free to soar.

Pupper, skeptically. Really? I can't even see you.

WIND. A little faith, how about it? What do you expect from the wind?

PUPPET. Make your pitch.

WIND. A family member paid the price for all puppets to live . . . even while you were still flops. Now you can go anywhere you want.

PUPPET. And how much does this cost?

WIND. Oh, it cost a ton! More than you could ever afford . . .

Puppet. Figures!

WIND. . . . but it's free to *you*. A grant from the family foundation took care of it.

PUPPET. No! Really?

WIND. Really. And all you have to do is let me live inside you, and I'll clean out all of Grubby's dirty germs. . . . Don't worry, we only use nonchlorine bleach, since it's gentler.

Pupper. Really? Oh, I'll try anything. Do it! ... Now! ... Oh ... I don't believe it ... I didn't mean that—I really do ... I'm filling up ... I'm soaring ... I'm free!

Consider This: Why do people believe that the freedom to choose is beyond their grasp? How are we liberated spiritually? (*Note Romans* 7, 8.)

► STEP 4—Create

Just for Teachers: Invite your class to contemplate, privately, how they can create a better world through Spirit-filled choices.

Activity: Distribute notepads and pencils. Have members divide the paper into two columns, listing poor choices/habits on the left. Assure them that they will not be asked to share their list. Next, list better choices on the right. Pray for grace to choose wisely.

FRIDAY April 9

Further Study: Read Ellen G. White, "Good Angels More Powerful Than Evil Angels," p. 96, in *Selected Messages*, book 1.

"Every soul has a heaven to win, and a hell to shun. And the angelic agencies are all ready to come to the help of the tried and tempted soul. He, the Son of the infinite God, endured the test and trial in our behalf. The cross of Calvary stands vividly before every soul. When the cases of all are judged, and they [the lost] are delivered to suffer for their contempt for God and their disregard of His honor in their disobedience, not one will have an excuse, not one will need to have perished. It was left to their own choice who should be their prince, Christ or Satan."—Ellen G. White, *Selected Messages*, book 1, p. 96.

"God does not compel men to give up their unbelief. Before them are light and darkness, truth and error. It is for them to decide which they will accept. The human mind is endowed with power to discriminate between right and wrong. God designs that men shall not decide from impulse, but from weight of evidence, carefully comparing scripture with scripture."—Ellen G. White, *The Desire of Ages*, p. 458.

Discussion Questions:

- In class, discuss the whole question of *freedom*. What does freedom mean? Is someone who chooses to be a slave really free? How free are we, really? What are the limits of freedom? When can freedom be a bad thing?
- Of Think about all the negative effects of alcohol. Think of the lives ruined through its use. When contrasted with the supposed benefits, why is it smart never to get involved with it at all?
- **⊙** Some folk have been born into loving, Christian homes with parents who loved them, cared for them, and taught them about Jesus and His grace. Others have been born into homes where the parents abused them and neglected them, and even if they did talk about Jesus, they certainly didn't reflect Christ in their lives. Their actions revealed them to be agents of Satan, not of Christ. What hope does the gospel hold out to these people? What promises can you point them to?
- There's no question, some folk have been born in horrible circumstances with consequences that, to one degree or another, will haunt them for the rest of their lives. At the same time, why must we be careful not to spend the rest of our lives blaming our parents, or our poor upbringing, for our problems? How can we learn to, through God's grace, move beyond these things?